

Surviving in mixed networks or how to connect to windows

Using eComStation and OS/2



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Schedule

Some history and background info

- Simple home network
- Some server remarks
- Extras and utilities
- Questions



Some history and background info

About protocols and network

connections



TCP/IP

- Transport Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
- Developed by DARPA in the sixties for ARPANET (universities) and MILNET
- Build with flexibility and connectivity in mind
- First implemented in BSD Unix
- Nowadays implemented on almost every platform

Novell IPX/SPX

- Internet Packet Exchange / Sequenced Packet Exchange
- Adapted from Xerox for file and print services
- Developed in the seventies for small LAN (as NetBIOS) based on client/server model
- Provides connection services similar to TCP/IP



IBM NetBIOS or NETBEUI

- Originally developed by Sytec Inc. for IBM in 1983 for pc network.
- Not designed for large networks
- Newer implementations are SMB (Server Message Blocks) or CIFS (Common Internet File System)
- Nowadays mostly encapsulated in TCP/IP (Netbios over TCP/IP)



Comparison of the OSI model

Generalized	OSI Model	Net BEUI	TCP/IP	IPX/SPX
Application Layer	Application Layer	Application Layer	Process	NCP SAP RFP
Network Layer	Presentation Layer	NetBIOS		NetBIOS Transport SPX
	Session Layer			
	Transport Layer		Transport TCP	
	Network Layer		Internet IP	Network IPX
Data Link Layer	Data Link Layer	NDIS Interface 802.2 (MAC)	Network Access 802.3 802.4 802.5 LAP-B	Data Link 802.3 802.4 802.5
Physical Layer	Physical Layer			Physical Layer

Directory services

- A Directory Service organizes content into a logical and accesible structure.
- Provides a single, consistent database in which to store information about the network and all network-based resources- users, servers, files, printers, shares, etc.
- It acts as a central authority that can securely authenticate resources and manage identities and relationships between them



Directory services

Novell: NDS / Edirectory
 MS: Active Directory
 UNIX: X.500
 LDAP



MS SMB/CIFS Networks

- Developed by IBM and MS/Intel (LAN Manager) as a client/server requestresponse protocol
- Can be used over Netbios, TCP/IP, NetBEUI and IPX/SPX
- Functions: mapping network drives, browsing, authentication and remote printer services
- Active Directory: Win2000 and 2003 server

Win9x networking

Netbios

TCP/IP

Netbios over TCP/IP

Other protocols installed manually



Win NT/2k/XP/2003 networking

TCP/IP

- Netbios over TCP/IP
- Other protocols installed manually
- Plain Netbios can be installed from CD. For 2k and up this is not recommended.
- Win 2003 server has extra security issues concerning Netbios ports.





Simple peer network

Or how to join the network





PC configuration

Install a network interface card.

■ Go to System setup and Network Adapters en Protocol services, MPTS and LAN Adapters and Protocol support.

Install the drivers for the network card.

Install network protocols.

- TCP/IP
- Netbios over TCP/IP
- Netbios if necessary

Do not restart. Go to TCP/IP configuratie.

MPTS configuration



TCP/IP configuration

TCP/IP Configuration Notebook								
Network	Routing	Host Names	Autostart	General	Security	SOCKS	Printing	1.
Interface LAN interfa LAN interfa LAN interfa LAN interfa LAN interfa LAN interfa LAN interfa LAN interfa loopback int	to Configur ce 0 ce 1 ce 2 ce 3 ce 4 ce 5 ce 6 ce 7 terface	Configure Netwo	ork Interface F guration Opti hable Interface itomatically, U Use prev Also, Us anually, Using IP Address [10.0.0.138] Subnet Mas [255.255.255	Parameters - ions - LAN e Jsing DHCF vious DHCF ing DDNS g	- Basic Optic	ons)	ot.	
- Peria	181 <u>0</u> 191	a: 1 ana	Un	do				
	dvanced	1 Advanced	2					
	OK		Can	cel		ŀ	Help	

■ Click on LAN interface 0 and Enable. Click on DHCP or Manually ■ If DHCP no further config is needed. ■ If Manually type in the IP adres and Netmask.

Router IP adres

Network Routing Host Names Autostart General Security SOCKS Printing I Configure Routing Information Route Type Destination Addross Before Current list selection Route Type Image: Colspan="4">Route Address Route Address 1000.138 Metric Count 1 Subnet Mask Image: Colspan="4">Concel
Configure Routing Information Route Type Subnet Mask NO ENTRIES> Subnet Mask Route Type Intel Intel Integration Before current list selection Before current list selection Before current list selection Route Type Intel Integration IP Address Intel Integration Router Address Intel Integration Metric Count Integration Subnet Mask Integration
Route Type Destination Address Bestination Entry INO ENTRIES> Image: Address and a state of the state o
After current list selection After current list selection Route Type Route Type Route Address Router Address Router Address Router Address OK Cancel Help
IP Forwarding
Create default Net route for a given host

Click on Add and Default.
Type in the IP nr of the router.
Click on OK.
Go to Host names.



Host names / DNS adres

		TUPTIP	Configuratio	on Noteboo	ık		0	
Network	Routing	Host Names	Autostart	General	Security	SOCKS	Printing	1 ()
		Config	ure Name Re	solution Ser	vices			
		This C	omputer's Ho	ostName	k7			
I AN Nam	10 Sorvor ("onfiguration —	Local Doma	ain Name				
LAN NUL	Name Ser	ver Addresses			LAN Doma	in Search L	ist	
A	dd	Chan	ge		ielete		Undo	×
A Name Re	dd esolution	Chan Hosts	ge		ielete		Undo	*

Click on *Add* and type in the DNS IP nr in.
Click on *OK* to close off.
Click on *OK* to restart the pc or Click on *Cancel* to do it manually; x:\mptn\bin\setup on the commandline.

Netbios workgroup / domain name

- Make sure that the netbios workgroup or domain name is the same for all pc's. (uppercase only!)
- Standard name for OS/2 is IBMPEERS and can be changed in the File and print sharing or in the x:\ibmlan\ibmlan.ini file.
- In Win9x it can be found in the properties of the My network
- In Win2k/XP its in the properties of My computer

OS/2 or eCS configuration

During OS installation: Print and Filesharing Check x:\ibmlan\ibmlan.ini

×:
ation \ <u>I</u> con \ <u>R</u> exx script \
<u> </u>

net1 = NETBEUI\$,0,LM10,34,100,14 net2 = TCPBEUI\$,1,LM10,34,100,14 wrkservices = PEER,MESSENGER wrknets = net1,net2 COMPUTERNAME = K7 DOMAIN = IBMPEERS srvhidden = no srvnets = NET1,NET2 messenger = services\msrvinit.exe peer = services\peerinit.exe replicator = services\replicat.exe requester = services\wksta.exe

OS/2 / eCS MPTS configuration

Goto MPTS or Adapters and protocols

Install/configure Netbios and Netbios over TCP/IP

■If needed add the following:

- Select Netbios over TCP/IP and click on edit.
- Add in Names list:

Netbios name of the network, ic: *IBMPEERS* and an IP adress, ic the router adres, 192.168.1.1

- Add in Broadcast list: IP adress with the broadcast adress (usually x.x.x.255), ic: 192.168.1.255
- Click on OK for previous screen.

Select Netbios Socket Acces and click on configure.

Click on close and exit.

MPTS: Names



 Select Netbios over TCP/IP and click on edit.
 Add in Names list: Netbios name of the network, ic: IBMPEERS and an IP adress, ic the router adres, 192.168.1.1



MPTS: Broadcast

⊘ Broadcast List	NetBIOS over TCP/IP	■Add in
Broadcast list Host names or IP addresses 10.1.101.31 10.1.11.255	ional item below, then select Configure. Irn to this panel you can select another or select Close to return to the LAPS window. Driver parameters <u>Names list</u> <u>Broadcast list</u>	Broadcast list the broadcast adress: ic 192.168.1.255 Close off Restart the pc.
To edit driver parameter: <u>C</u> lose InnoTek Virtual Switch MAC 1 - IBM 0S/2 NETBIOS 0 - IBM 0S/2 NETBIOS OVER TO 0 - IBM TCP/IP ≰	Configure Help P/IP	

Windows configuration

- ■Windows can now see and browse the OS/2 pc but OS/2 cannot browse the windows pc.
- Edit the registry.
 - Go to Start, open a command prompt and start regedit or reg32.
 - Search for LMannounce and change the 0 in I



Fire up the network

- ■Go to Sharing and connecting. It can be found on different places in OS/2 and eCS.
- Fill in your Username and Password.
- If you do not succeed and you are certain that you have filled in a password during installation try the following. Go to User Account Management in the System Setup and type after USER ID: userid and after PASSWORD: password. If this works you can make another account with your name and password.

The last bits

- If everything is correct you are now logged in locally.
- Click again on Sharing and connecting and you can now set up your peer to peer network, ic: sharing network drives and -printers from other pc's.
- Do not forget to share your own drives or printers. You can do that from above settings or directly from the cursor. Click on a drive icon with your right mouse button and select Start sharing. Fill in the necessary info, click on Manage Acces and under Acces permissions on

Read/Write. Close off and the drive will be available on the network.



Win2k/+ and OS/2 WSEB





Client server relation

- Platforms using standard login software
 - Windows to Windows server
 - eCS and OS/2 to OS/2 WSEB or Novell
 - Linux to Linux Samba server
- Solutions:
 - Primary logon Client for Windows (to WSEB).
 - Novell Netware Client for eCS, OS/2 and Windows
 - Comtarsia Logon Client for eCS and OS/2 (to WSEB, Windows AD, SAMBA 3.0).
 - SAMBA client or server for eCS or OS/2

Windows problems

- Win2k up to sp3 and XP have problems with disconnecting sessions leading to the net3101 error (The system ran out of resources) in WSEB.
- Win2003 by default doesn't allow old systems to connect due to its high security policy.



Let Win2k and up behave

■On Win2k sp4, XP and 2003 change the following

- Click Start, click Run, type regedit, and then click OK.
- Locate and then click the following key in the registry: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\ Services\lanmanworkstation\parameters
- On the Edit menu, point to New, and then click DWORD.
- Type EnableDownLevelLogOff, and then press ENTER.
- On the Edit menu, click Modify.
- Type 1, and then click OK.
- To send non encrypted passwords to the server add:
 EnablePlainTextPassword = I

WSEB change

- If the connection from win2k with SP up to 3 is flaky (NET3101) try this setting in the file x:\ibmlan\ibmlan.ini
 - [server]
 - autodisconnect = 120
- Install script to check all sockets and close if needed
 - Goto Hobbes and search for net3101



Windows 2003 server behaviour

- Extra security is blocking OS/2 connection
 Goto: Computer configuration \Windows configuration \Security Params\Local policy \Security Params\ or run: gpedit.msc and check/change the following:
 - Microsoft network server->use digital signing (always)=No
 - Client of ms network:->use digital signing (always)=No
 - LAN Manager verification level->NTLM & LM
 - Status of guest account-> Yes (if needed)
 Warning: This disables password checking.



Some extras and utilities

Just checking





Network testing

Ping xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx for test of live IP adress Tracerte xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx • to see all routers along the route net view : overview of connected network pc (servers or peers) netstat -r : for routing overview ■arp -a : for connected IP/MAC adresses

Troubleshooting I

- IBMLAN.INI is missing. Reinstall Print&filesharing
- If connecting to other pc's is not working: check your Netbios name (upper/lowercase), network settings or reinstall MPTS & Print&filesharing
- If OS/2 only gives the root directory of a share: Logon local and refresh the Manage Acces and Read/write of that drive.
- If TCP/IP or internet is not working: check TCP/IP config or reinstall



Troubleshooting 2

- Browsing network drives from Workplace Shell gives only root on win2k/XP pc. FAT32 problem->convert to NTFS or use a file browser.
- Local login problem: Go to User Account Management in the System Setup and type after USER ID: userid and after PASSWORD: password.
- Reinstall network can be found on the cd or in Local system, Install/remove (Desktop) s:\cid\server\mpts.exe s:\cid\server\tcpapps\install.cmd

Questions

If time permits

